

TypeScript

Object Foundations, Classes, Mixins, Generics, Specialist Types, Iterators, Ambients, Lib.d.ts

For larger-scale applications that target the JavaScript VM, either in browsers (e.g. Angular) or on the server and command-line tools (Node), or mobile apps (Ionic) or desktop apps (Electron), many senior developers have a desire for a more robust and comprehensive programming language compared to JavaScript, and TypeScript is the answer.

TypeScript is a JavaScript-like language that transpiles to JavaScript so can run anywhere JavaScript runs. In addition to everything the JavaScript language offers, TypeScript also offers a much richer type system,

generics, decorators, interfaces, mixins, additional tools, ambient type declarations and lots more, which is convincing more and more larger projects to adopt it as their core programming language. We see it use internally with Angular 5, Zone.js, Rx observables and many commercial applications.

The aim of this course is to quickly bring you up to speed with programming in TypeScript. We explore the language syntax, its access to libraries, how to build applications and see why it is more and more being selected instead of JavaScript by senior web developers.

Contents of One-Day Training Course	
<p>Target Audience Developers wishing to use TypeScript for browser (e.g. Angular 5) and server (e.g. Node 9) programming</p> <p>Prerequisites Software developers with an object-oriented background and some browser programming experience.</p>	<p>TypeScript Introduction Relationship to ECMAScript standards Transpiling to JavaScript Language tour What we should be familiar with and what may be new (any, never, tuple) tsconfig.json</p> <p>Object Types Type system hierarchy Type inferencing Visibility and immutability Duck typing</p> <p>Classes Defining a class Constructors Inheritance Extending and implementing properties and accessors</p> <p>Interfaces Specifying an interface What happens to interfaces after transpilation (they disappear!)</p> <p>Mixins Partial or full implementation of interface Additional construct which can be very useful in certain circumstances</p> <p>Modules Modules as a unit of delivery and unit of code management Importing and exporting</p> <p>Namespace Sub-dividing module types in namespaces Use in conjunction with module naming</p> <p>Generics and Constraints Type-independent code Separating algorithm from types Constraining permissible type parameters Relationship to transpiled code</p> <p>Iterators & Generators Symbol.iterator and for..of Generator function</p> <p>Specialist Types Intersection type Union type Nullable Alias</p> <p>Reflection/Decorators/Metadata Attaching metadata to a class Using decorators reflect-metadata</p> <p>Using Ambient Declarations Interacting with non-TypeScript libraries and use of @types with npm</p> <p>Creating Ambient Declarations Writing and publishing .d.ts files Ambient syntax</p> <p>lib.d.ts Standard Library A modular collection of ambient declarations for various targets</p> <p>New for TypeScript 2.5/2.6 Strict function types; Cache tagged template; Optional catch clause variables; --preserveSymlinks; Type assertion/cast</p> <p>Project Using TypeScript in a demo project to build a modern flexible framework</p>



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